



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

NEW TELESCOPE FOR THE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY.

The Cleveland *Plain Dealer*, under date of March 18, 1899, announces that Messrs. W. R. WARNER and AMBROSE SWASEY, of the firm of WARNER & SWASEY, well-known as builders of telescopes, have presented to the Western Reserve University an equatorial telescope and accessories and dome. The dome will be constructed on the southeast corner of the physical laboratory building, and will be about seventeen or eighteen feet in diameter. The telescope is to have a 10-inch object-glass with a focal length of about thirteen feet, and is to be completely equipped with all necessary apparatus. The work of construction is already going on, and the necessary changes for the erection of the dome will be made at once.

THE CHARLES SMITH SCOTT OBSERVATORY.

The Park College *Record*, for March 26, 1899, contains an illustrated account of the Observatory given to Park College (Parkville, Mo.), by Mr. ANTHONY DEY, as a memorial to his uncle, Judge SCOTT, of New Brunswick, N. J. The building is a handsome stone structure, and houses an 8-inch equatorial, fully supplied with the usual accessories, a combined transit and zenith telescope, a fine sidereal clock, and a chronograph. These instruments, except the clock, were all built by Messrs. WARNER & SWASEY, and constitute an excellent equipment for student instruction in astronomy. Professor A. M. MATTOON, who is a member of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific, is director of the observatory.

OBSERVATION OF THE WATSON ASTEROIDS AT THE LICK OBSERVATORY.

At the request of the Watson Trustees, the Lick Observatory has undertaken to reobserve the asteroids discovered by Professor JAMES C. WATSON. Observations of (105) *Artemis* and (139) *Juerra*, by Mr. CODDINGTON and Mr. ROSS, have already been printed in the *Astronomical Journal*. Nine more of these asteroids have been found and observed by Mr. CODDINGTON. The two 6-inch portrait lenses and the 12-inch equatorial are the instruments used for this work.

J. E. K.